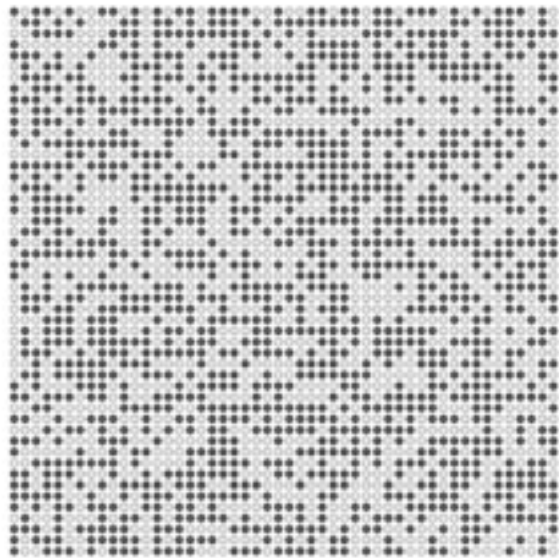


The angular nature of road networks

Dr. Carlos Molinero, CASA, UCL

lattice



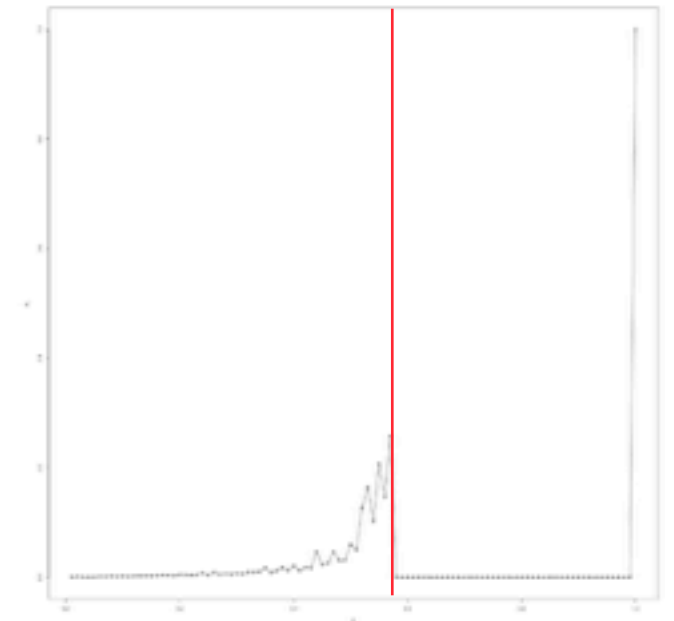
clusters



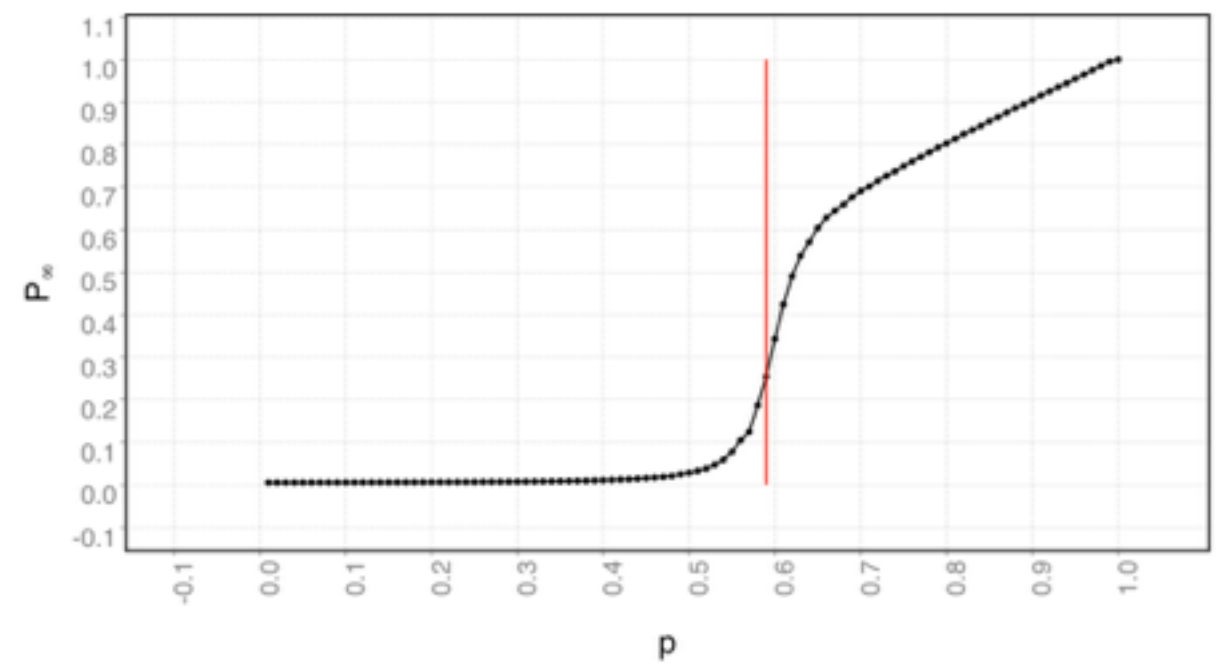
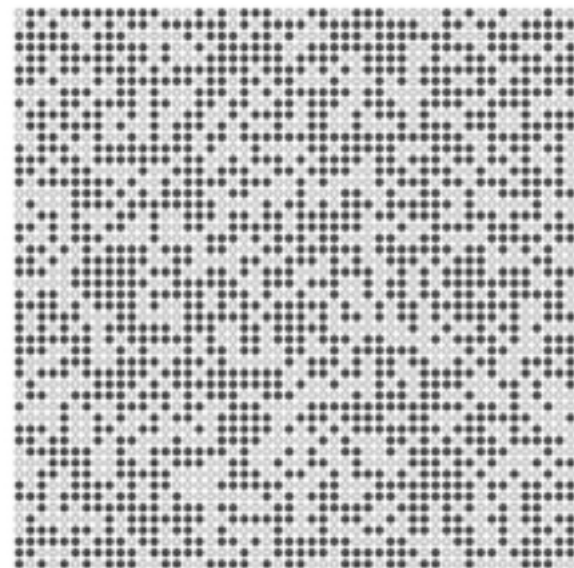
giant cluster



Probability of belonging
to the infinite cluster



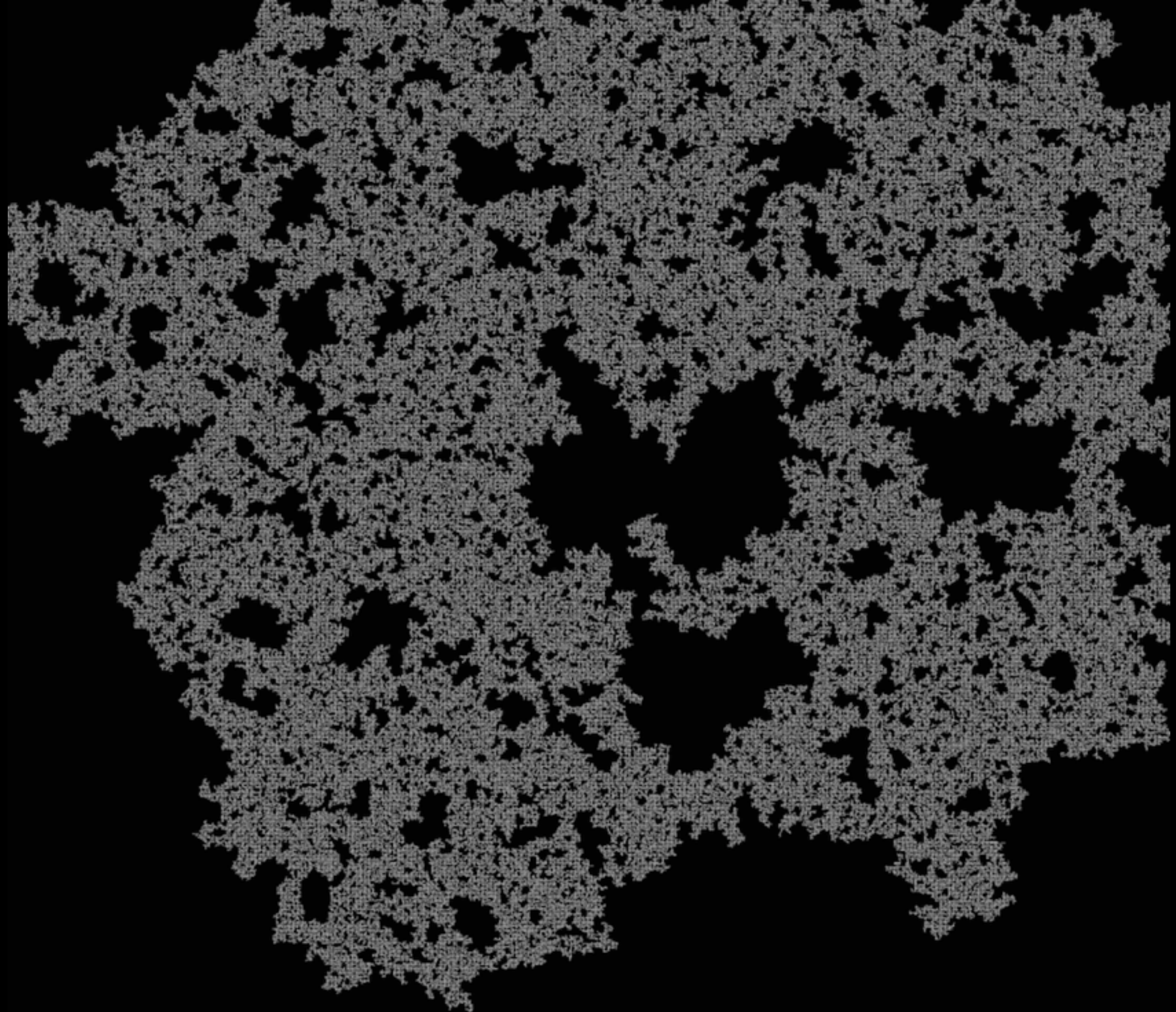
p_c
critical probability

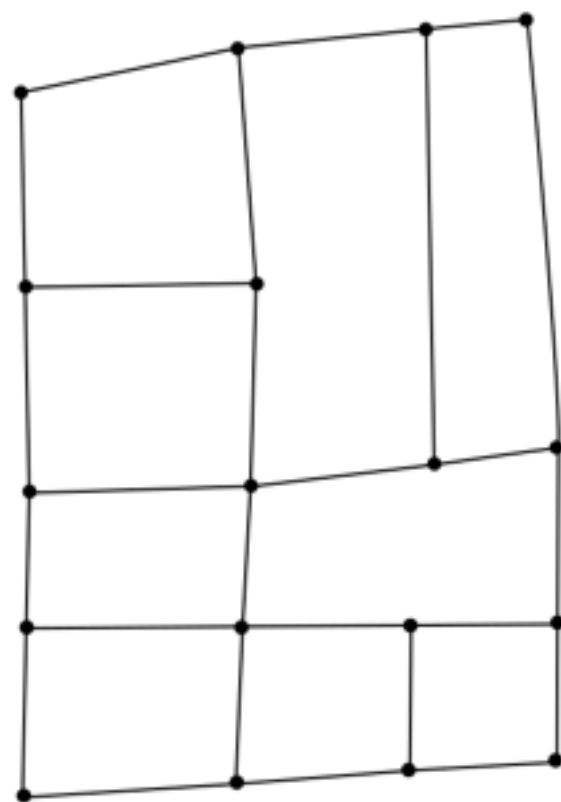


lattice at p_c

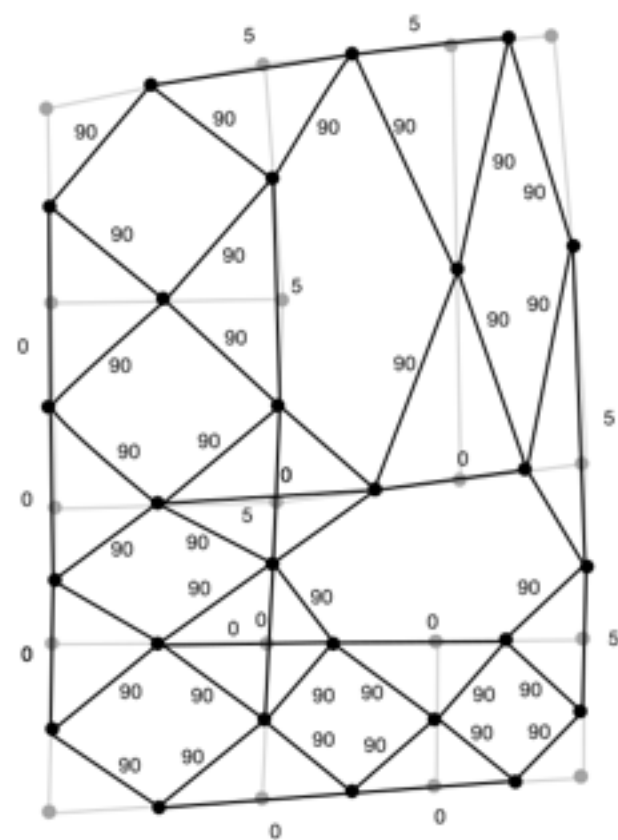
giant cluster at p_c

averaged probability of belonging
to the infinite cluster

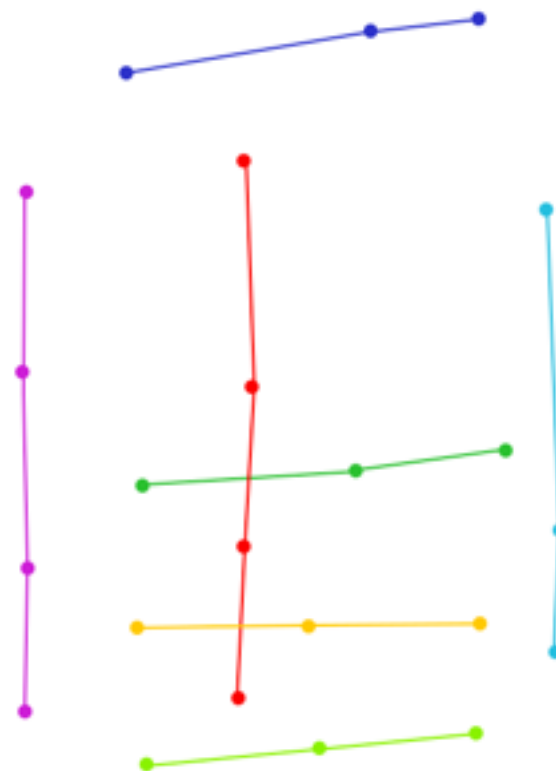




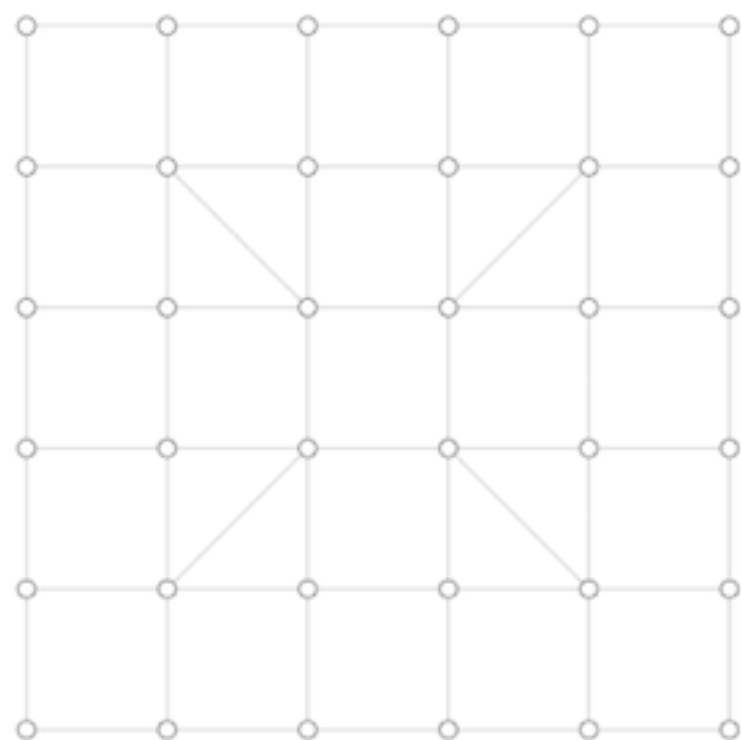
$\bullet \xrightarrow{LG(G)}$



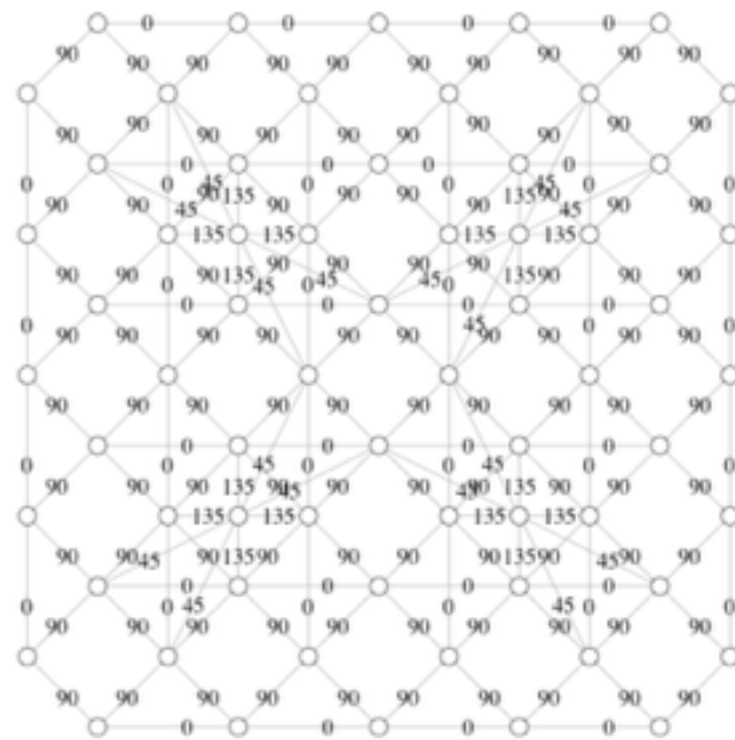
$\bullet \xrightarrow{t=5}$



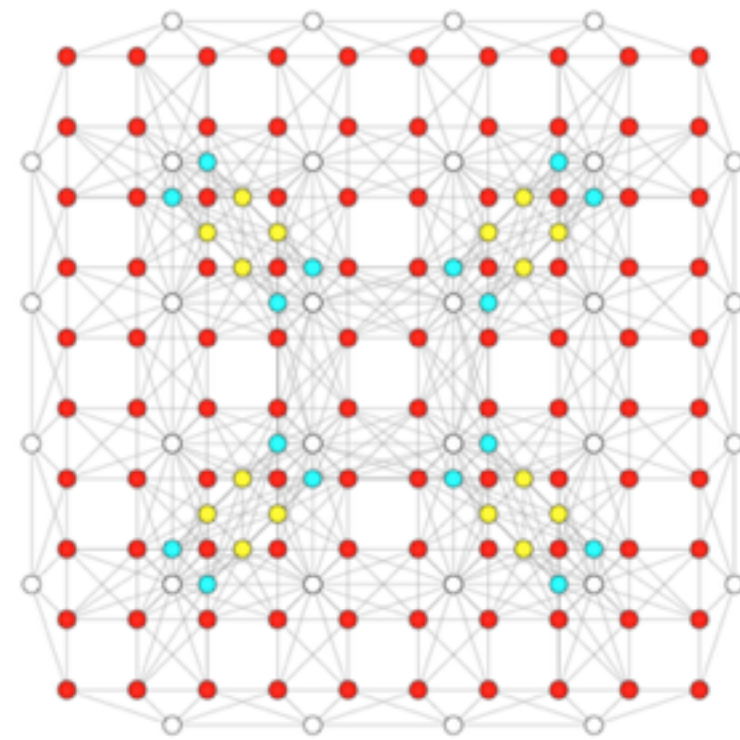
A.

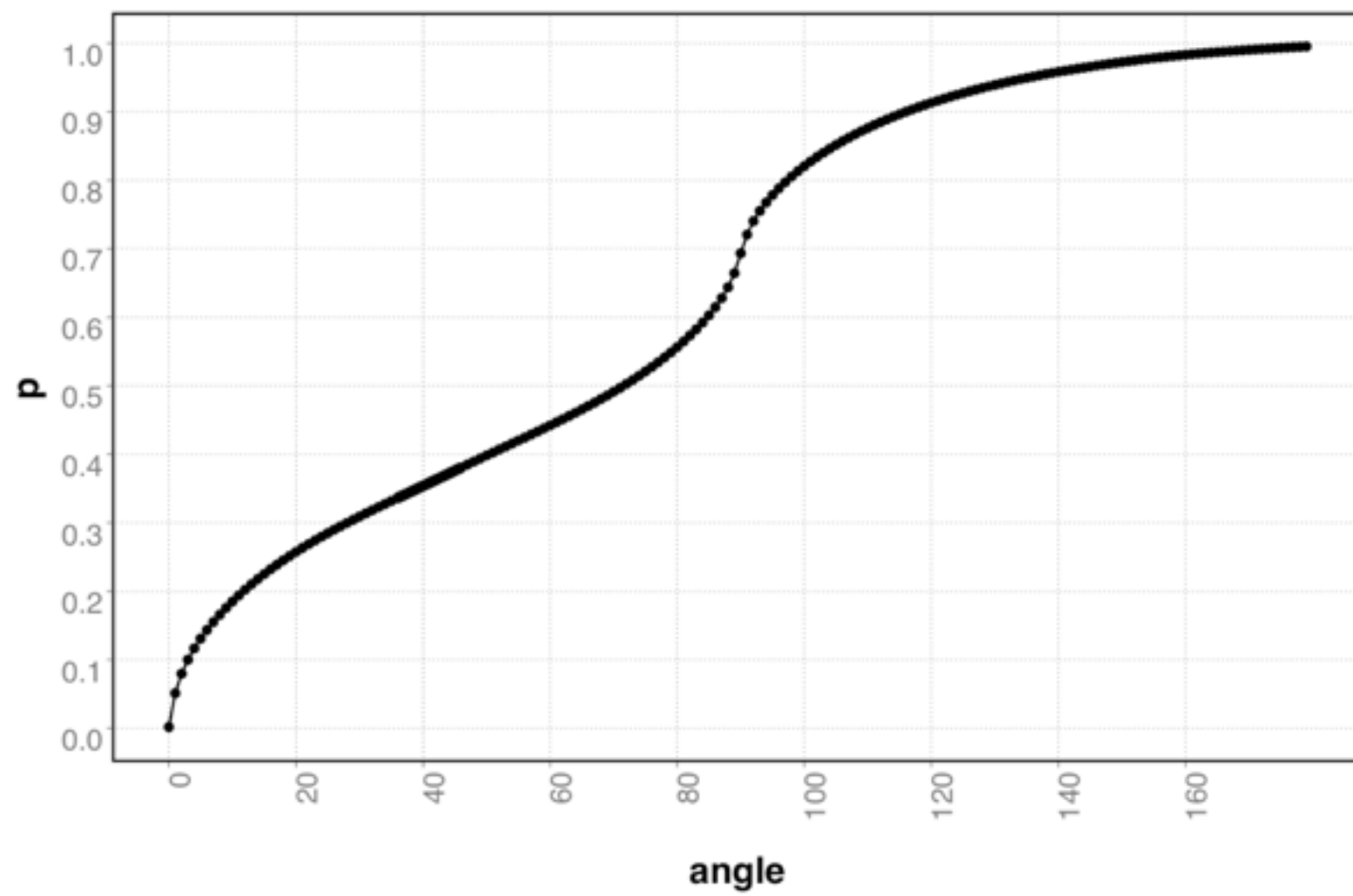


B.

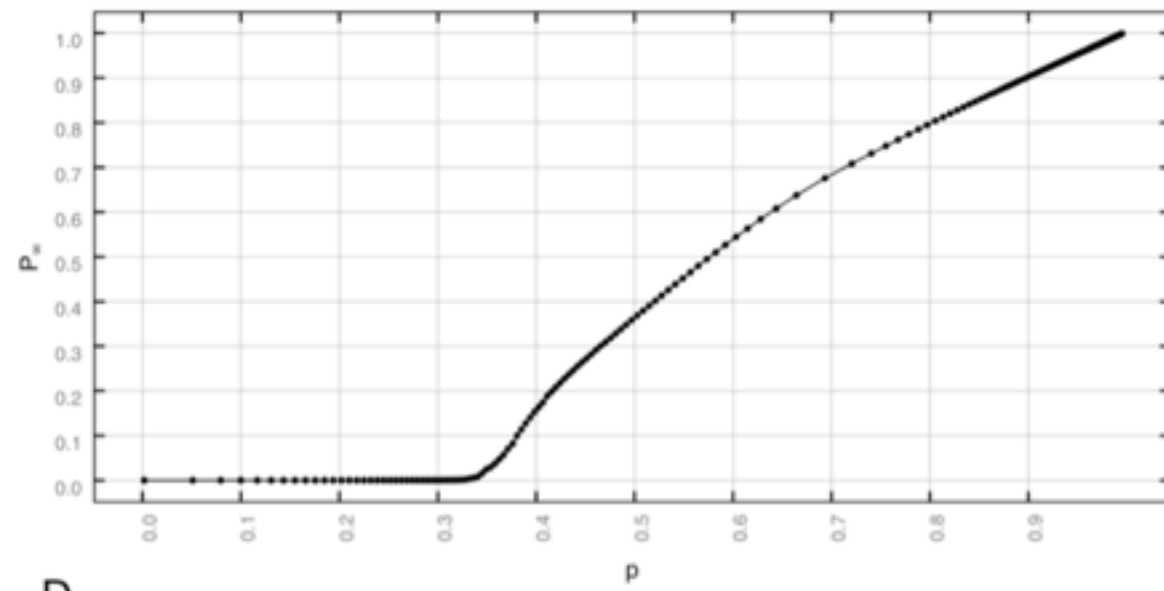


C.

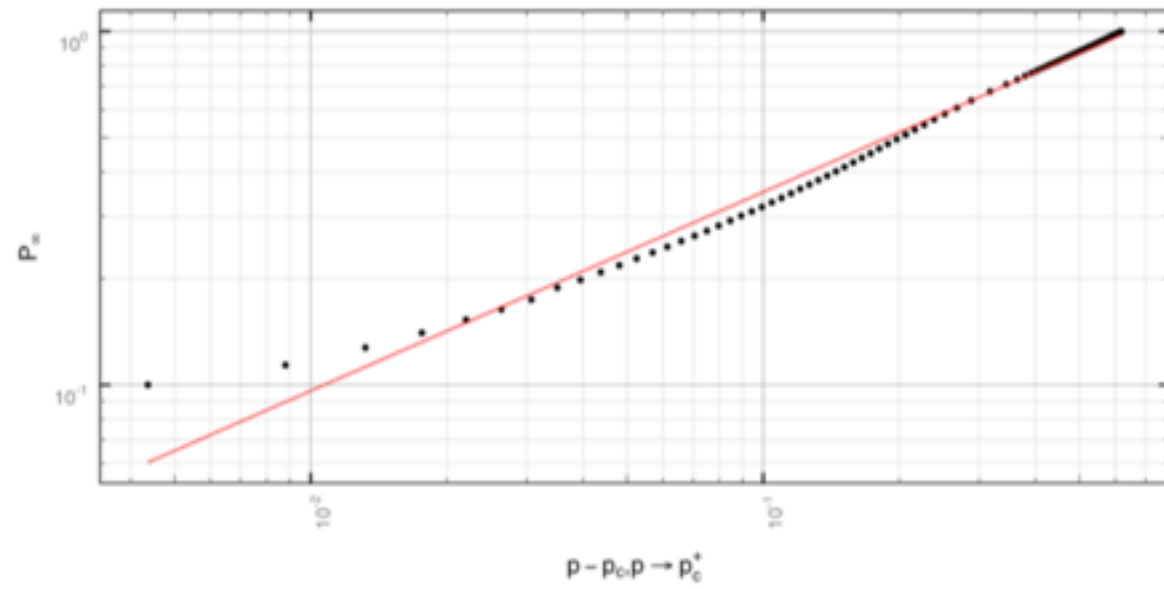




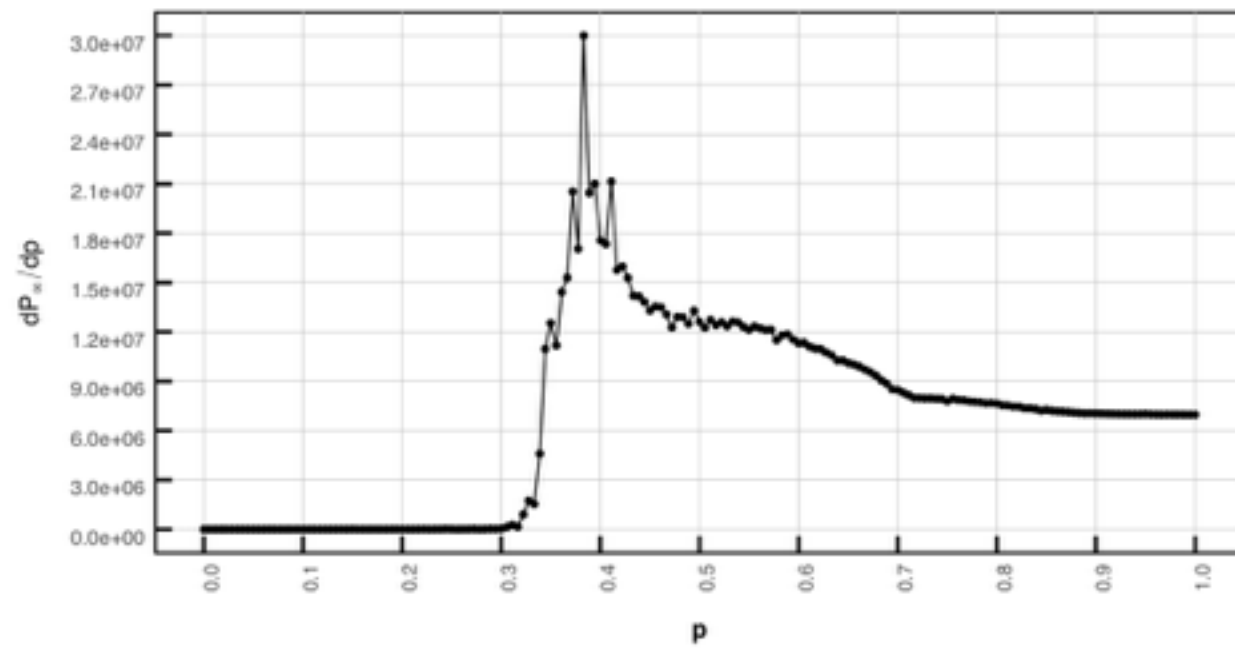
B.



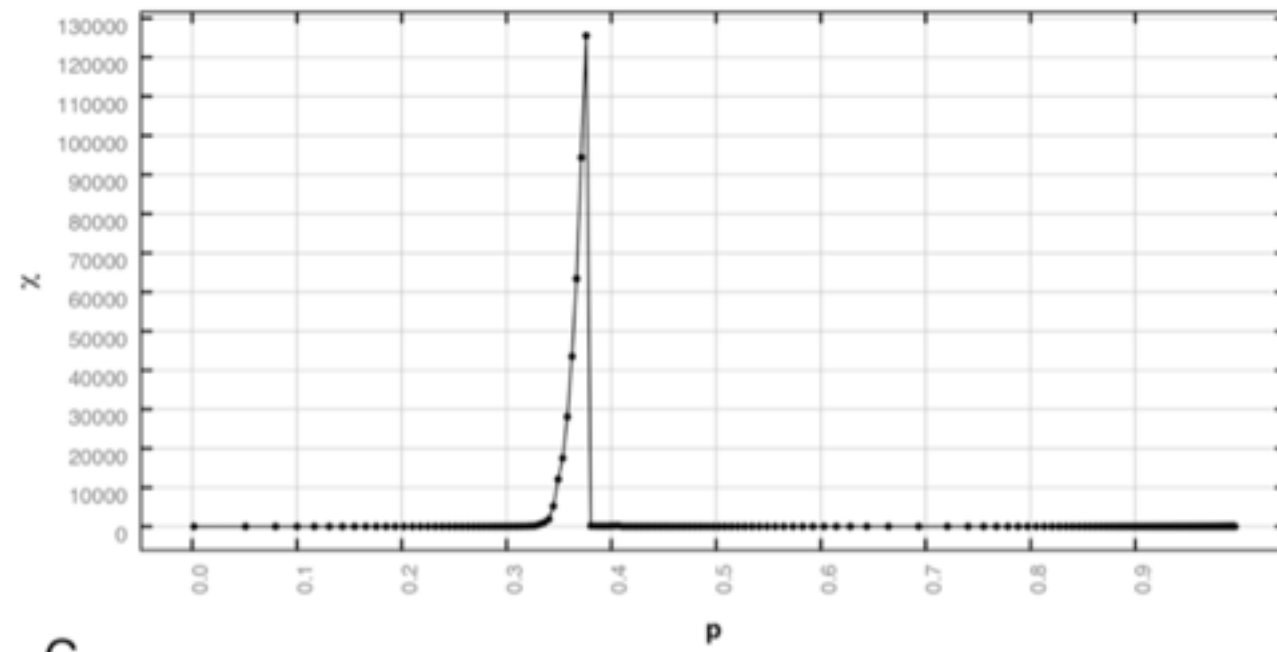
D.



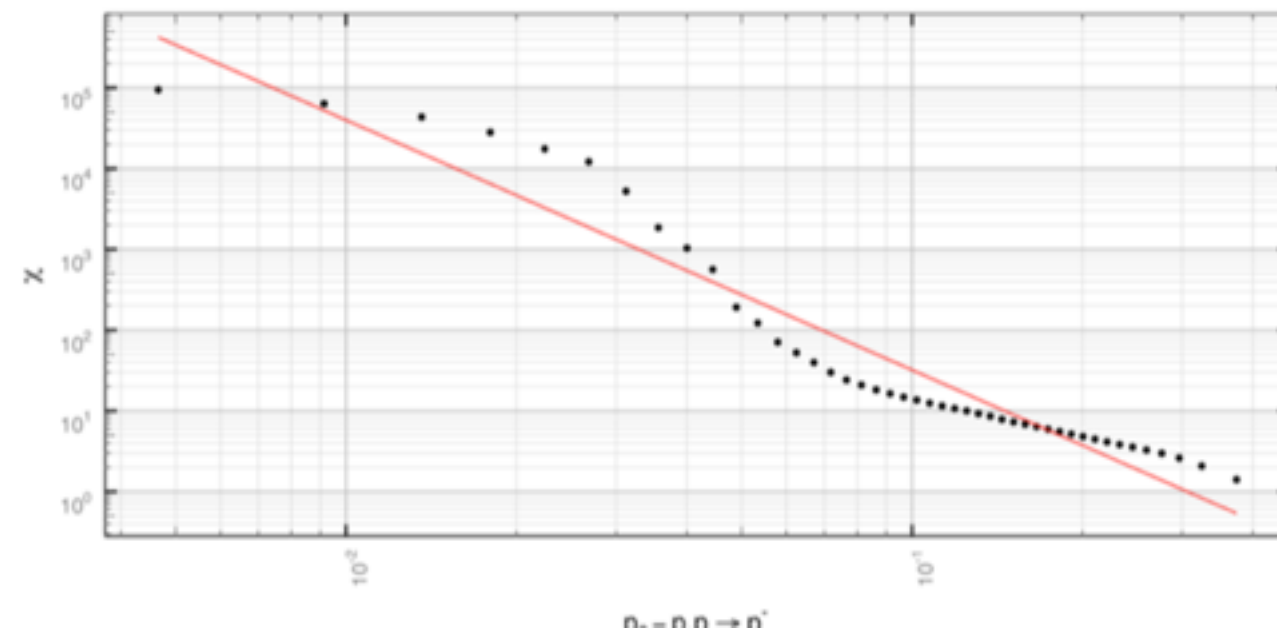
$$P_{\infty} \propto |p - p_c|^{\beta}, p \rightarrow p_c^+$$



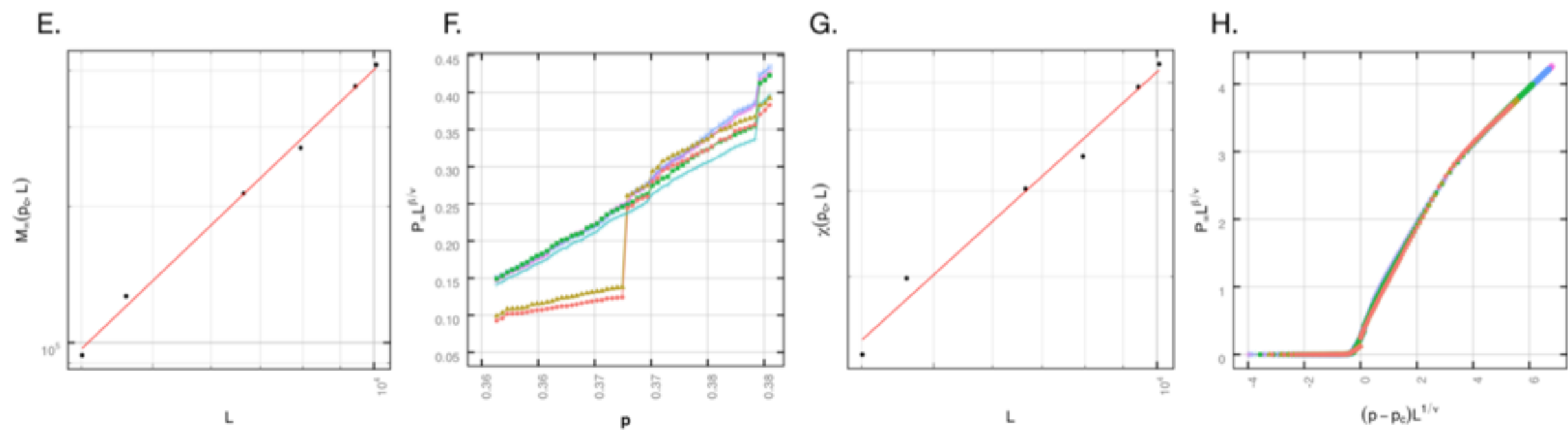
A.

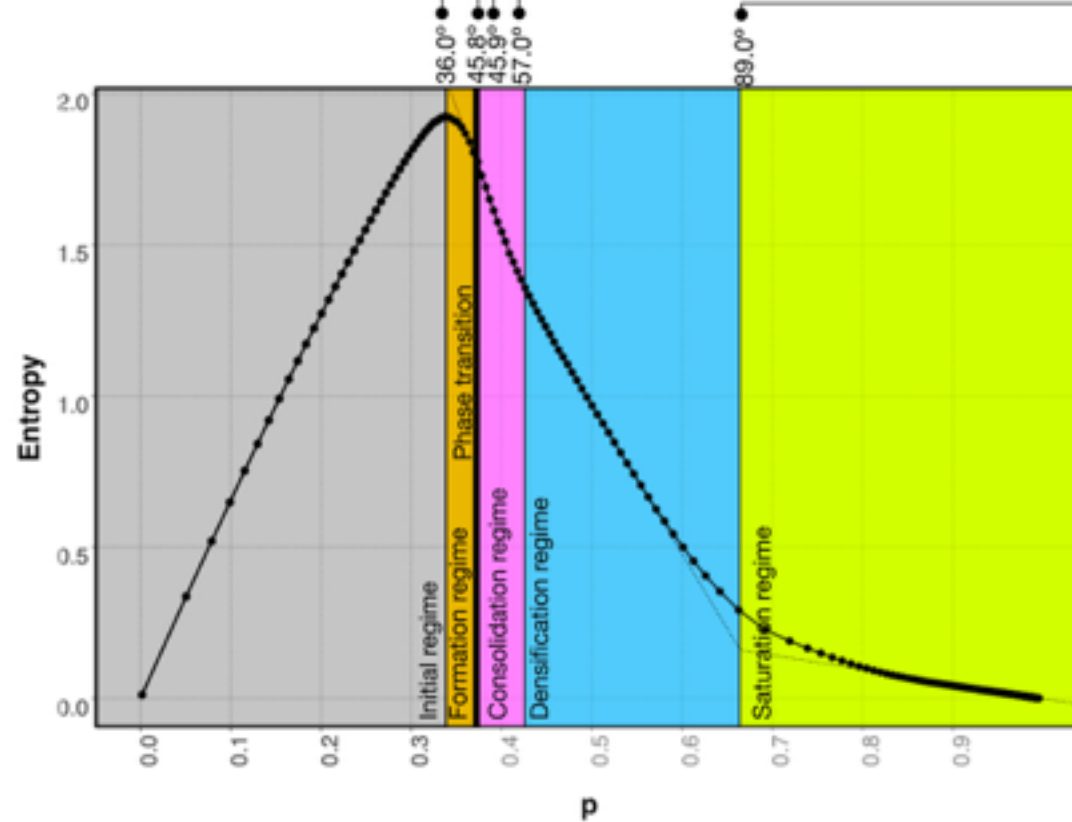
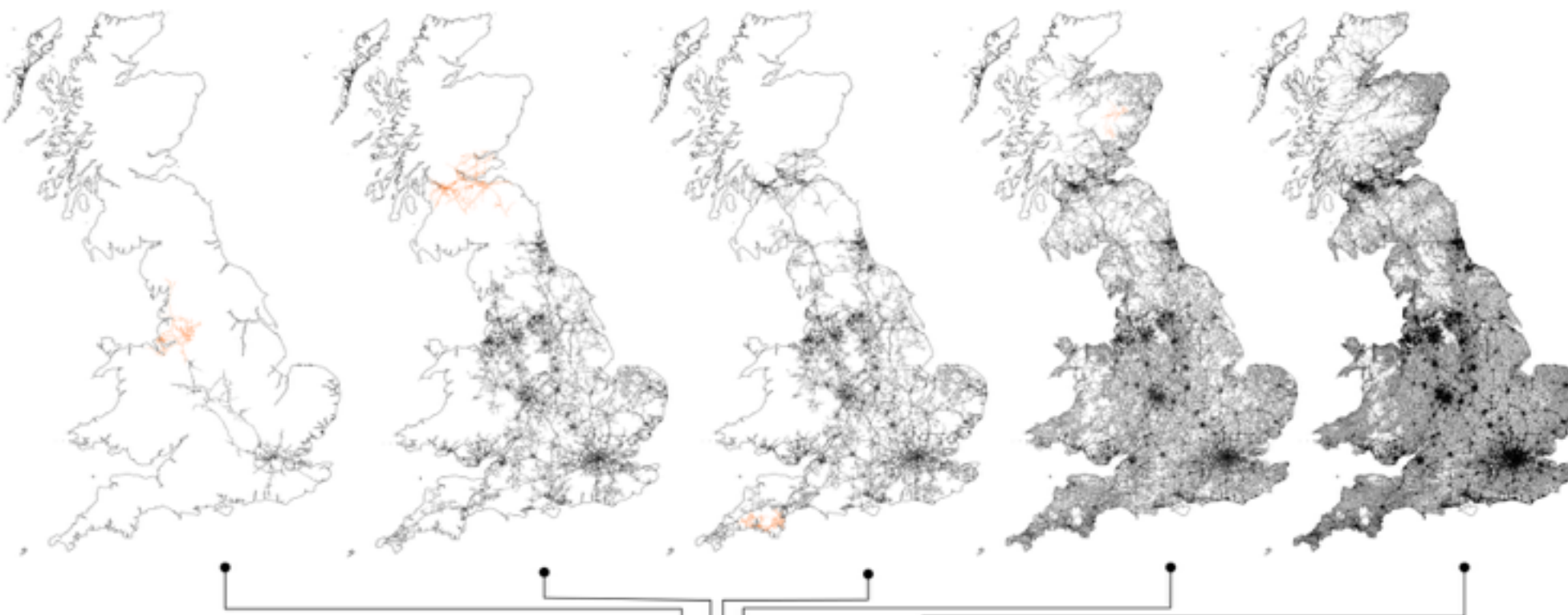


C.

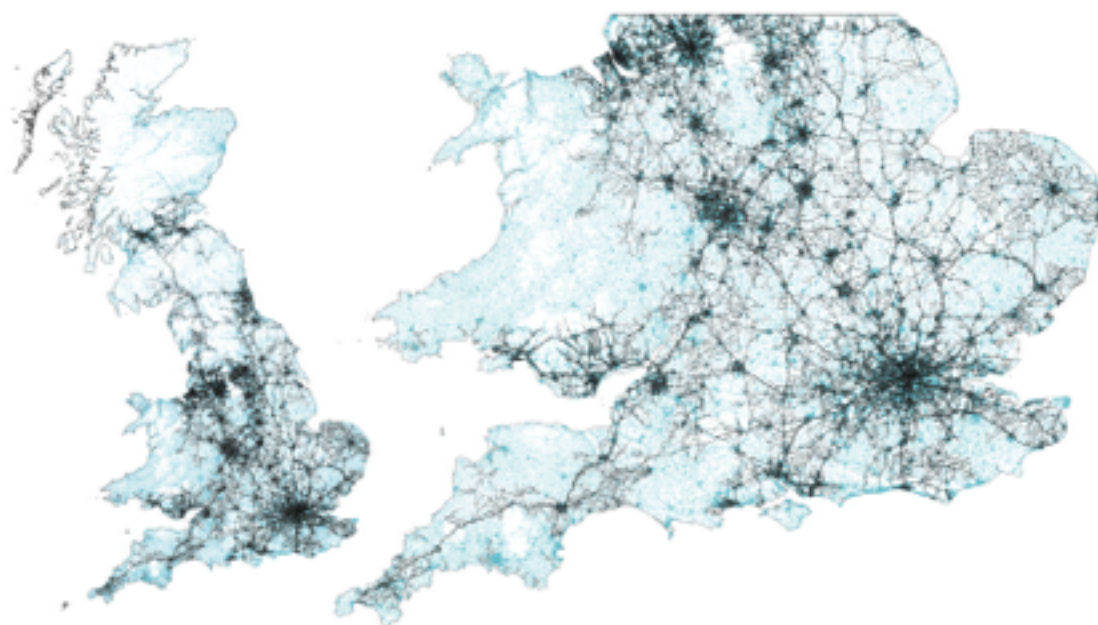
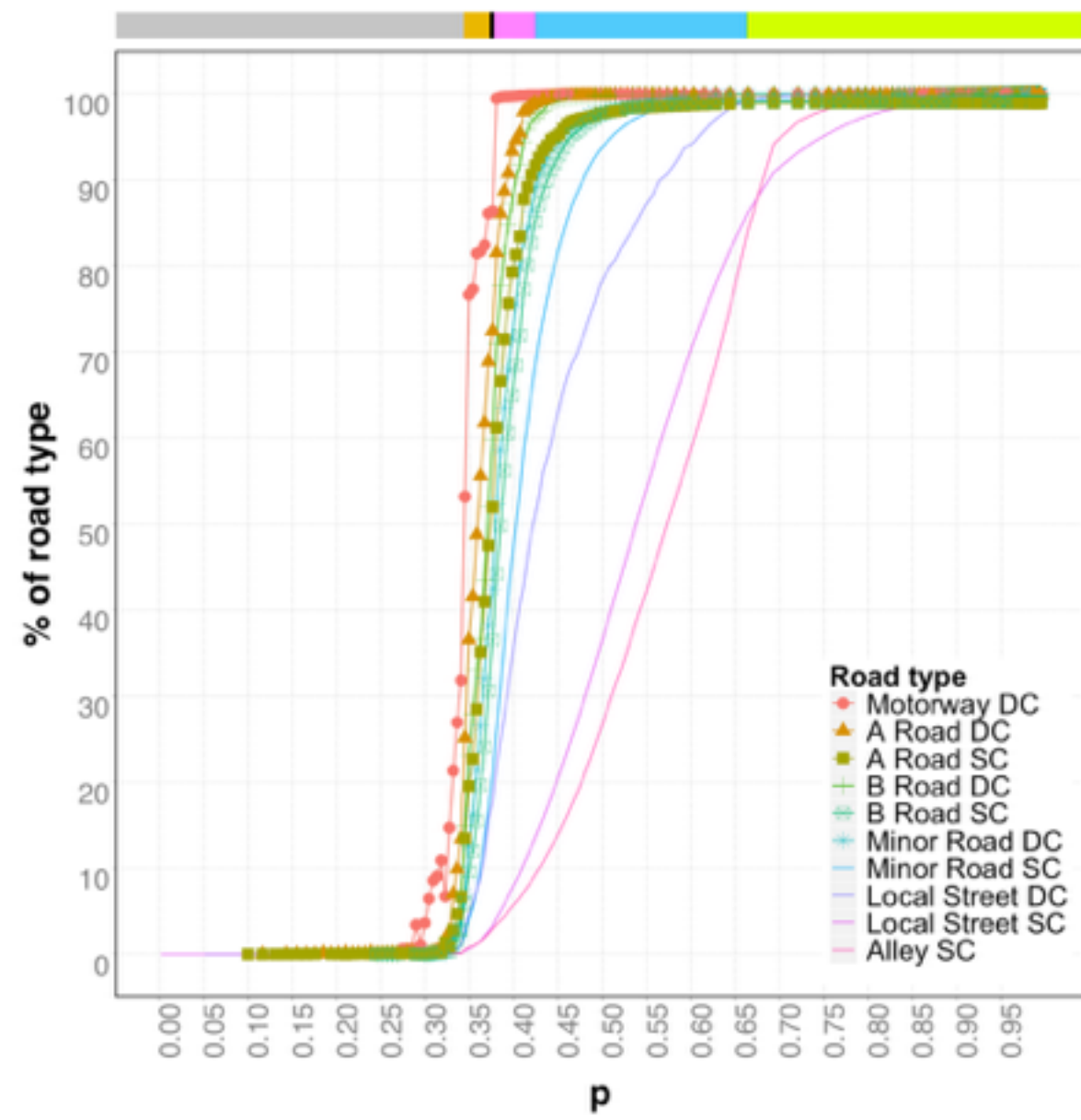
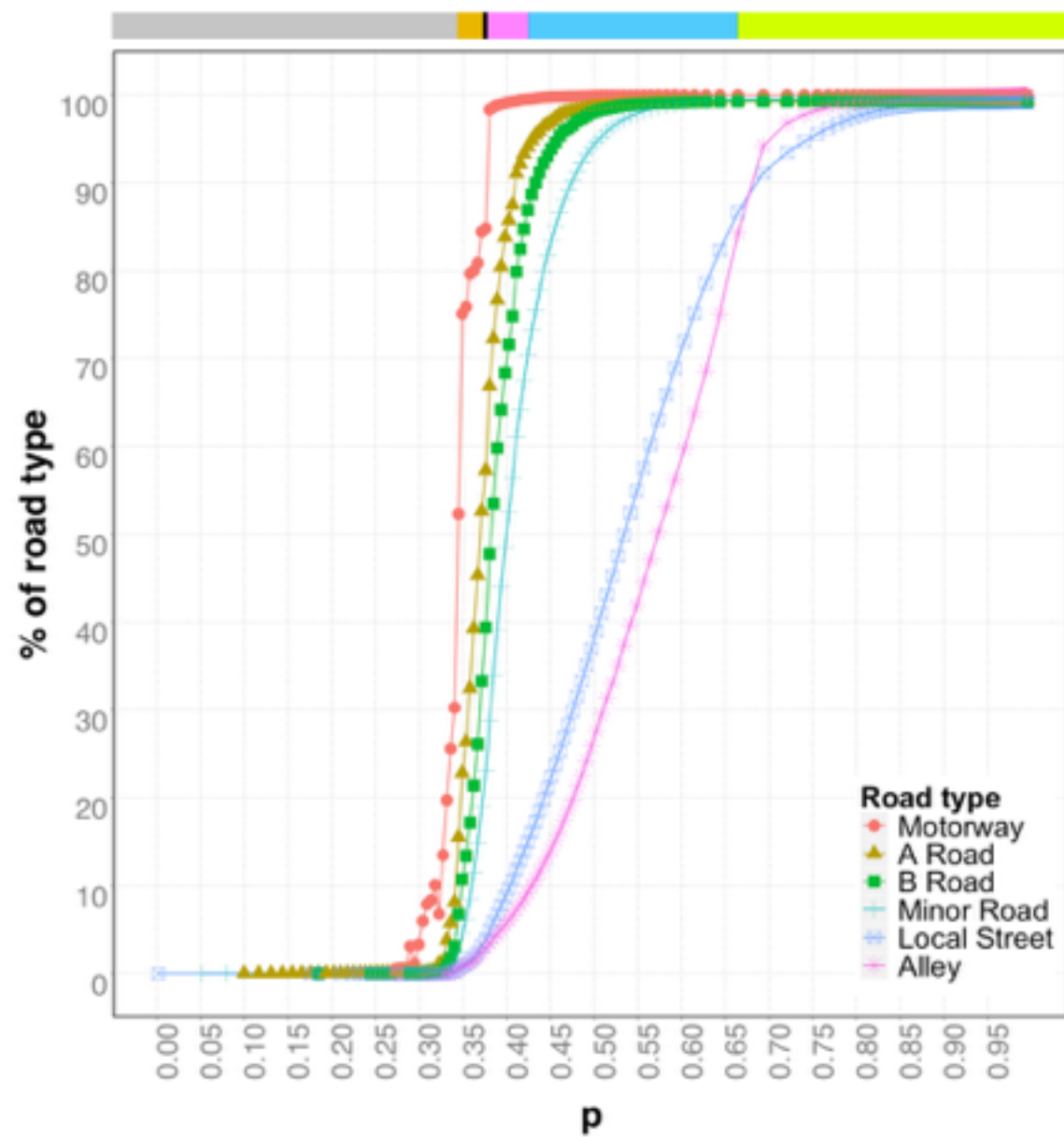


$$\chi \propto |p_c - p|^{-\gamma}, p \rightarrow p_c$$





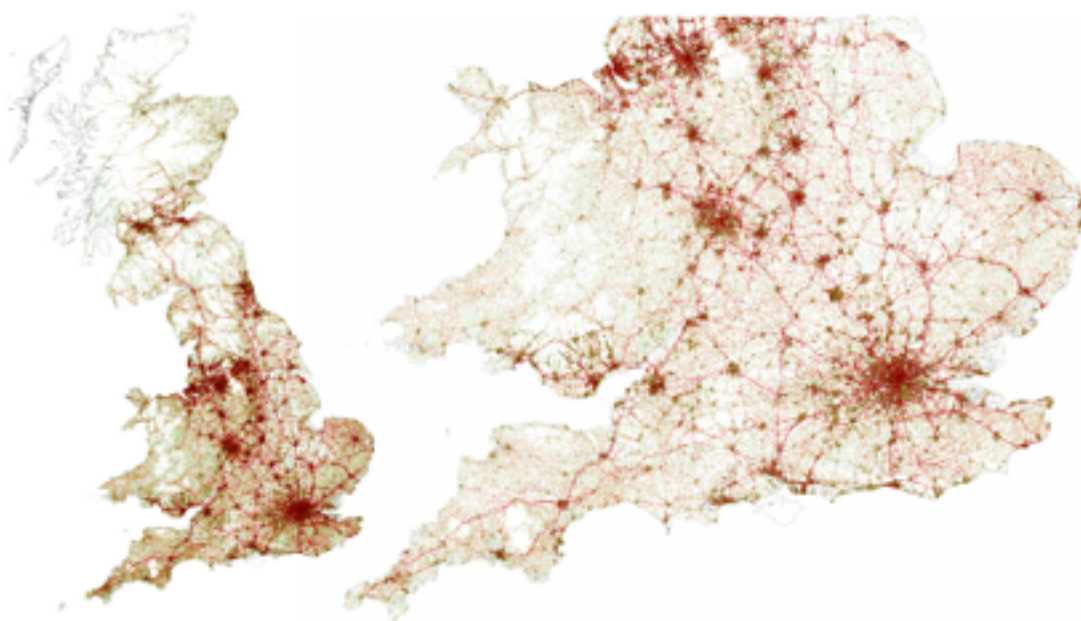
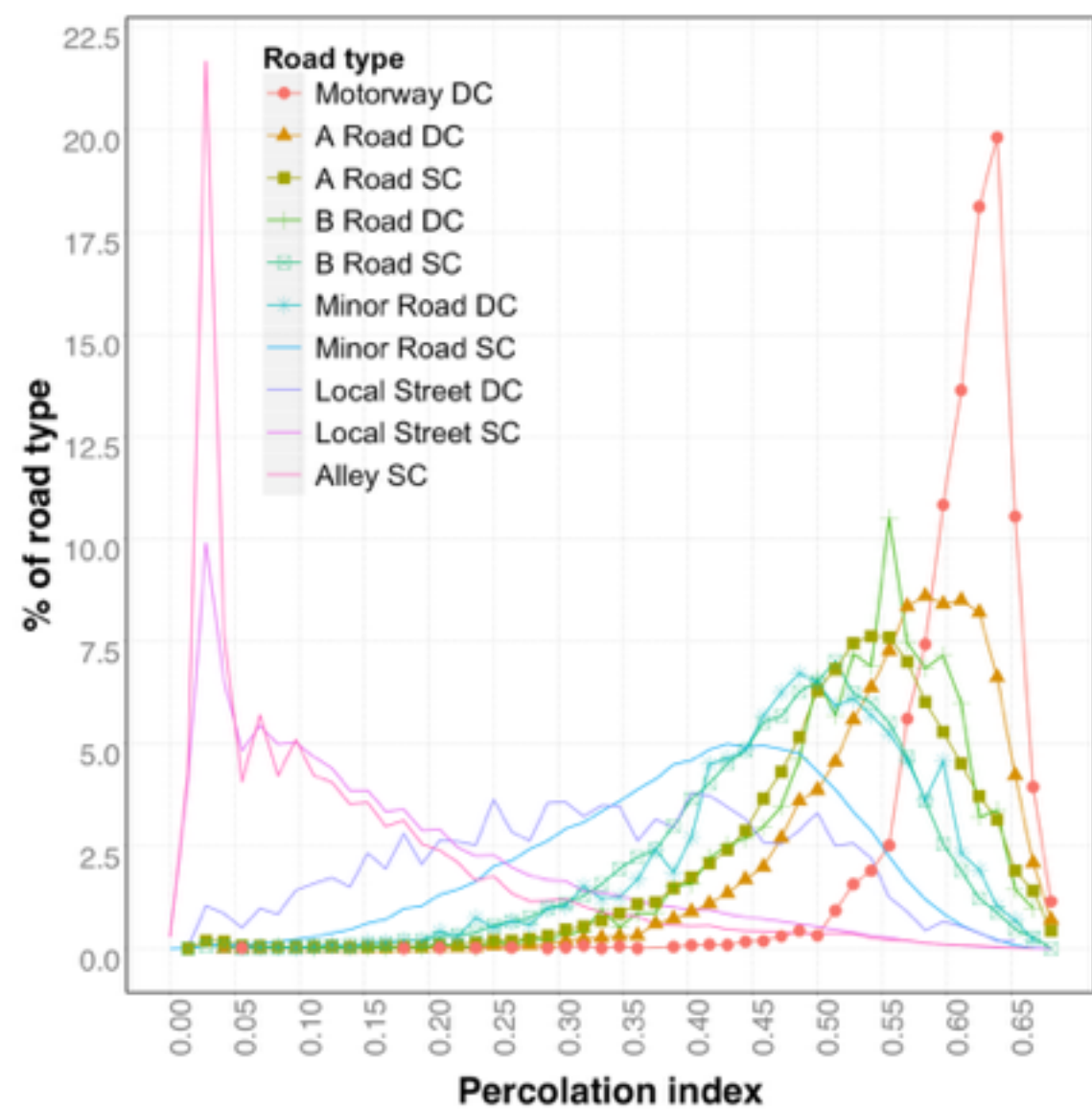
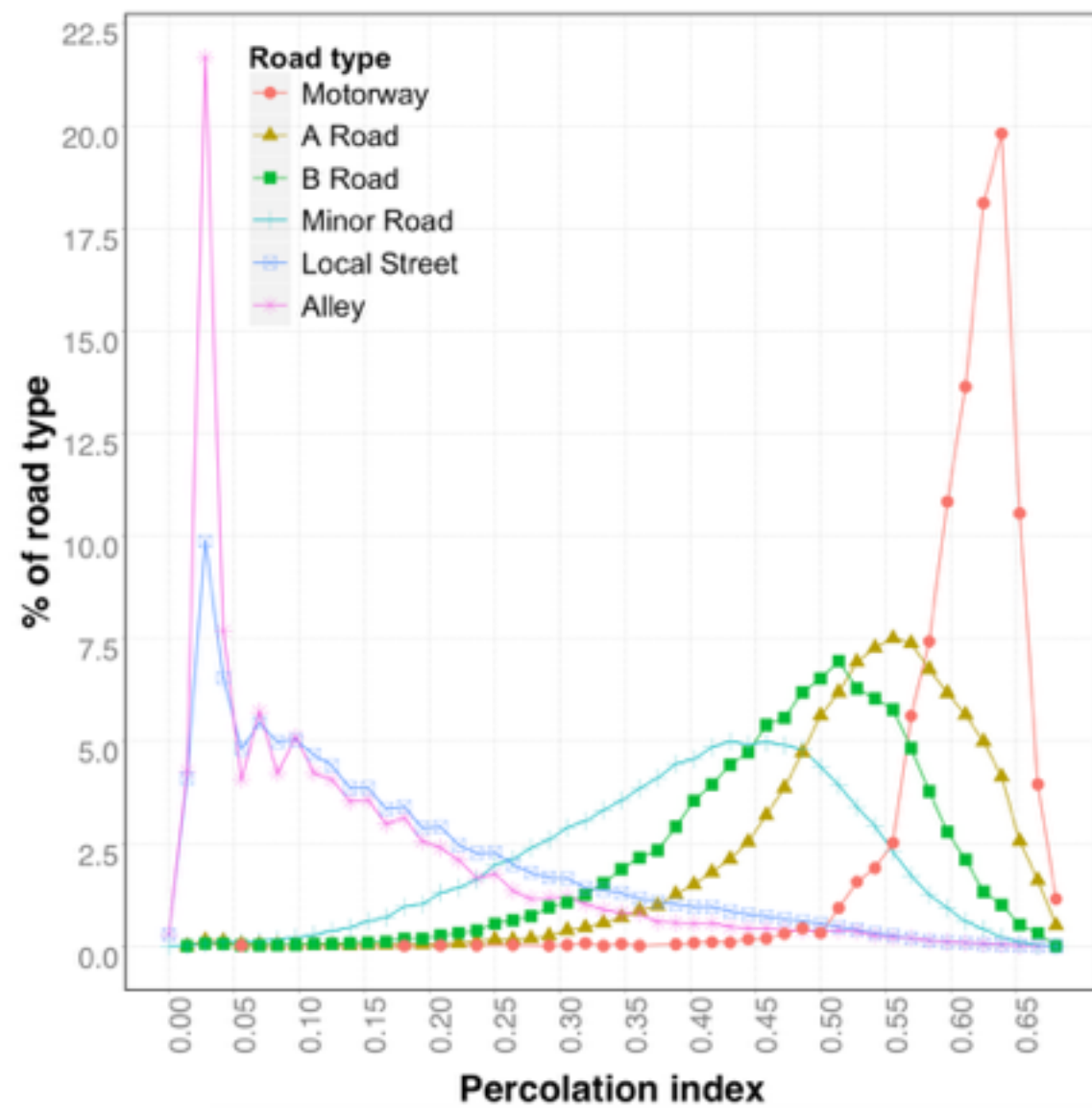
$$H = - \sum_{\forall i} p_i \cdot \log(p_i),$$



Hierarchical index based in the percolation process

$$I_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^t (H_j \cdot \log(M_{i,j}))}{\log(M) \cdot \sum_{j=1}^t H_j}$$

Where j goes through all the percolation thresholds (t), and $M_{i,j}$ is the mass of the cluster that contains road i at the j -th threshold, H_j is the entropy of the distribution of the cluster sizes at the j -th threshold and M is the total mass of the system.



Thank you