

> APPENDIX 2.0 – FOUR TIMESCLAE

> restart;

> deqn := diff(x(t), t, t) + x(t) + epsilon*(x(t)^2 - 1) * diff(x(t), t);

$$deqn := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) + \varepsilon (x(t)^2 - 1) \left(\frac{d}{dt} x(t) \right) \quad (1)$$

> dsolve(deqn, x(t));

$$x(t) = _a \&where \left[\left\{ \left(\frac{d}{d_a} _b(_a) \right) _b(_a) + _a + \varepsilon _b(_a) _a^2 - \varepsilon _b(_a) = 0 \right\}, \left\{ _a = x(t), _b(_a) = \frac{d}{dt} x(t) \right\}, \left\{ t = \int \frac{1}{_b(_a)} d_a + _CI, x(t) = _a \right\} \right] \quad (2)$$

> xansatz := t → X[0](t, epsilon*t, epsilon^2*t, epsilon^3*t) + epsilon*X[1](t, epsilon*t, epsilon^2*t, epsilon^3*t) + epsilon^2*X[2](t, epsilon*t, epsilon^2*t, epsilon^3*t) + epsilon^3*X[3](t, epsilon*t, epsilon^2*t, epsilon^3*t);

$$xansatz := t \rightarrow X_0(t, \varepsilon t, \varepsilon^2 t, \varepsilon^3 t) + \varepsilon X_1(t, \varepsilon t, \varepsilon^2 t, \varepsilon^3 t) + \varepsilon^2 X_2(t, \varepsilon t, \varepsilon^2 t, \varepsilon^3 t) + \varepsilon^3 X_3(t, \varepsilon t, \varepsilon^2 t, \varepsilon^3 t) \quad (3)$$

> deqnseries := series(subs(epsilon^3*t = upsilon, subs(epsilon^2*t = sigma, subs(epsilon*t = tau, eval(subs(x = xansatz, deqn))))), epsilon, 4);

$$\begin{aligned} deqnseries := & D_{1,1}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + (X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + 2 D_{1,2}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ & + (X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)^2 - 1) D_1(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_{1,1}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)) \varepsilon + (X_2(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ & + (X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)^2 - 1) (D_2(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_1(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)) + 2 X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ & X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) D_1(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + 2 D_{1,3}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_{2,2}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ & + 2 D_{1,2}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_{1,1}(X_2)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)) \varepsilon^2 + (2 D_{1,4}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + X_3(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ & + D_{1,1}(X_3)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + 2 D_{2,3}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + 2 D_{1,3}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ & + D_{2,2}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + (X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)^2 - 1) (D_3(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_2(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ & + D_1(X_2)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)) + (2 X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) X_2(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)^2) D_1(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ & + 2 X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) (D_2(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_1(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)) \\ & + 2 D_{1,2}(X_2)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)) \varepsilon^3 + O(\varepsilon^4) \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

> deqn0 := coeff(deqnseries, epsilon, 0);

$$deqn0 := D_{1,1}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \quad (5)$$

> deqn1 := coeff(deqnseries, epsilon, 1);

$$\begin{aligned} deqn1 := & X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + 2 D_{1,2}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + (X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)^2 - 1) D_1(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ & + D_{1,1}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

> deqn2 := coeff(deqnseries, epsilon, 2);

$$\begin{aligned} \text{deqn2} := & X_2(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + \left(X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, v)^2 - 1 \right) \left(D_2(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + D_1(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \right) \\ & + 2 X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, v) X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, v) D_1(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + 2 D_{1,3}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \\ & + D_{2,2}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + 2 D_{1,2}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + D_{1,1}(X_2)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> deqn3} := \text{coeff}(\text{deqnseries}, \text{epsilon}, 3); \\ \text{deqn3} := & 2 D_{1,4}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + X_3(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + D_{1,1}(X_3)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + 2 D_{2,3}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, \\ & v) + 2 D_{1,3}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + D_{2,2}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + \left(X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, v)^2 - 1 \right) \left(D_3(X_0)(t, \tau, \right. \\ & \left. \sigma, v) + D_2(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + D_1(X_2)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \right) + \left(2 X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, v) X_2(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \right. \\ & \left. + X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, v)^2 \right) D_1(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + 2 X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, v) X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \left(D_2(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \right. \\ & \left. + D_1(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \right) + 2 D_{1,2}(X_2)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> deqn0}; \\ & D_{1,1}(X_0)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> dsolve}(\text{deqn0}, X[0](t, \text{tau}, \text{sigma}, \text{epsilon})); \\ & X_0(t, \tau, \sigma, v) = _F1(\tau, \sigma, v) \sin(t) + _F2(\tau, \sigma, v) \cos(t) \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> } X[0] := (t, \text{tau}, \text{sigma}, \text{epsilon}) \rightarrow A(\text{tau}, \text{sigma}, \text{epsilon}) * \cos(t - \text{Phi}(\text{tau}, \text{sigma}, \text{epsilon})); \\ & X_0 := (t, \tau, \sigma, v) \rightarrow A(\tau, \sigma, v) \cos(t - \Phi(\tau, \sigma, v)) \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> deqn0}; \\ & 0 \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> deqn1temp} := \text{collect}(\text{combine}(\text{deqn1}, \text{trig}), [\sin, \cos]); \\ \text{deqn1temp} := & \left(-2 D_1(A)(\tau, \sigma, v) - \frac{1}{4} A(\tau, \sigma, v)^3 + A(\tau, \sigma, v) \right) \sin(t - \Phi(\tau, \sigma, v)) \\ & + X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, v) + 2 A(\tau, \sigma, v) \cos(t - \Phi(\tau, \sigma, v)) D_1(\Phi)(\tau, \sigma, v) - \frac{1}{4} A(\tau, \sigma, \\ & v)^3 \sin(3t - 3\Phi(\tau, \sigma, v)) + D_{1,1}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, v) \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> secular_terms} := \{ \text{coeff}(\text{deqn1temp}, \sin(t - \text{Phi}(\text{tau}, \text{sigma}, \text{epsilon}))), \text{coeff}(\text{deqn1temp}, \cos(t \\ & - \text{Phi}(\text{tau}, \text{sigma}, \text{epsilon}))) \} \\ \text{secular_terms} := & \left\{ 2 A(\tau, \sigma, v) D_1(\Phi)(\tau, \sigma, v), -2 D_1(A)(\tau, \sigma, v) - \frac{1}{4} A(\tau, \sigma, v)^3 + A(\tau, \right. \\ & \left. \sigma, v) \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (14)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> dsolve}(\text{secular_terms}, \{ \text{Phi}(\text{tau}, \text{sigma}, \text{epsilon}), A(\text{tau}, \text{sigma}, \text{epsilon}) \}); \\ & \left\{ A(\tau, \sigma, v) = 0, \Phi(\tau, \sigma, v) = \Phi(\tau, \sigma, v) \right\}, \left\{ A(\tau, \sigma, v) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{1 + 4 e^{-\tau} _F1(\sigma, v)}}, \Phi(\tau, \sigma, \right. \\ & \left. v) = _F2(\sigma, v) \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (15)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> } X[0] := (t, \text{tau}, \text{sigma}, \text{epsilon}) \rightarrow 2 \cdot \cos(t - \text{Phi}(\text{sigma}, \text{epsilon})); \\ & X_0 := (t, \tau, \sigma, v) \rightarrow 2 \cos(t - \Phi(\sigma, v)) \end{aligned} \quad (16)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{deqn1temp} := \text{map}(\text{simplify}, \text{collect}(\text{combine}(\text{deqn1}, \text{trig}), [\sin, \cos])); \\ &\quad \text{deqn1temp} := X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) - 2 \sin(3t - 3\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)) + D_{1,1}(X_1)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \end{aligned} \quad (17)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{dsolve}(\text{deqn1temp}, X[1](t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon)); \\ &\quad X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) = \sin(t) _F2(\tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + \cos(t) _F1(\tau, \sigma, \upsilon) - \frac{1}{4} \sin(3t - 3\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)) \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) = -\frac{1}{4} \sin(3t - 3\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)); \\ &\quad X_1(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) = -\frac{1}{4} \sin(3t - 3\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)) \end{aligned} \quad (19)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> X[1] := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \sin(3t - 3\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)); \\ &\quad X_1 := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \sin(3t - 3\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)) \end{aligned} \quad (20)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{deqn2temp} := \text{map}(\text{simplify}, \text{collect}(\text{combine}(\text{deqn2}, \text{trig}), [\sin, \cos])); \\ &\text{deqn2temp} := \frac{1}{4} (16 D_1(\Phi)(\sigma, \upsilon) - 1) \cos(t - \Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)) + X_2(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_{1,1}(X_2)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \\ &\quad - \frac{5}{4} \cos(5t - 5\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)) - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3t - 3\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)) \end{aligned} \quad (21)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{secular_terms} := \{\text{coeff}(\text{deqn2temp}, \sin(t - \Phi(\sigma, \upsilon))), \text{coeff}(\text{deqn2temp}, \cos(t - \Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)))\}; \\ &\quad \text{secular_terms} := \left\{0, 4 D_1(\Phi)(\sigma, \upsilon) - \frac{1}{4}\right\} \end{aligned} \quad (22)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{deqn2htemp} := \text{map}(\text{simplify}, \text{collect}(\text{combine}(\text{deqn2h}, \text{trig}), [\sin, \cos])); \\ &\quad \text{deqn2htemp} := \text{deqn2h} \end{aligned} \quad (23)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{dsolve}(\text{secular_terms}, \{\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon)\}); \\ &\quad \left\{\Phi(\sigma, \upsilon) = \frac{1}{16} \sigma + _F1(\upsilon)\right\} \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \Phi(\sigma, \upsilon) = \frac{1}{16} \sigma + _F1(\upsilon) \\ &\quad \Phi(\sigma, \upsilon) = \frac{1}{16} \sigma + _F1(\upsilon) \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \Phi := (\sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow \frac{1}{16} \sigma + _F1(\upsilon); \\ &\quad \Phi := (\sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow \frac{1}{16} \sigma + _F1(\upsilon) \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> X[0](t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon); \\ &\quad 2 \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{16} \sigma - _F1(\upsilon)\right) \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> X[0] := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow 2 \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{16} \sigma - _F1(\upsilon)\right); \\ &\quad X_0 := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow 2 \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{16} \sigma - _F1(\upsilon)\right) \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> X[1](t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon); \\ &\quad \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(3t - \frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3_FI(v)\right) \quad (29)$$

$$> X[1] := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(3t - \frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3_FI(v)\right);$$

$$X_1 := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(3t - \frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3_FI(v)\right) \quad (30)$$

$$> deqn2temp := \text{map}(\text{factor}, \text{map}(\text{simplify}, \text{collect}(\text{combine}(\text{deqn2}, \text{trig}), [\sin, \cos])));$$

$$deqn2temp := X_2(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) - \frac{5}{4} \cos\left(5t - \frac{5}{16} \sigma - 5_FI(v)\right) - \frac{3}{4} \cos\left(3t - \frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3_FI(v)\right) + D_{1,1}(X_2)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \quad (31)$$

$$> \text{dsolve}(\text{deqn2temp}, X[2](t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon));$$

$$X_2(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) = \sin(t) _F3(\tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + _F2(\tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \cos(t) - \frac{5}{96} \cos\left(5t - \frac{5}{16} \sigma - 5_FI(v)\right) - \frac{3}{32} \cos\left(3t - \frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3_FI(v)\right) \quad (32)$$

$$> X[2] := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow -\frac{5}{96} \cos\left(5t - \frac{5}{16} \sigma - 5_FI(v)\right) - \frac{3}{32} \cos\left(3t - \frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3_FI(v)\right);$$

$$X_2 := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow -\frac{5}{96} \cos\left(5t - \frac{5}{16} \sigma - 5_FI(v)\right) - \frac{3}{32} \cos\left(3t - \frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3_FI(v)\right) \quad (33)$$

$$> deqn3temp := \text{map}(\text{factor}, \text{map}(\text{simplify}, \text{collect}(\text{combine}(\text{deqn3}, \text{trig}), [\sin, \cos])));$$

$$deqn3temp := 4 \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{16} \sigma - _FI(v)\right) D(_FI)(v) + X_3(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_{1,1}(X_3)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + \frac{9}{32} \sin\left(3t - \frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3_FI(v)\right) + \frac{1}{32} \sin\left(t - \frac{1}{16} \sigma - _FI(v)\right) + \frac{7}{12} \sin\left(7t - \frac{7}{16} \sigma - 7_FI(v)\right) + \frac{85}{96} \sin\left(5t - \frac{5}{16} \sigma - 5_FI(v)\right) \quad (34)$$

$$> \text{secular_terms} := \{\text{coeff}(\text{deqn3temp}, \sin(t - \text{Phi}(\sigma, \upsilon))), \text{coeff}(\text{deqn3temp}, \cos(t - \text{Phi}(\sigma, \upsilon)))\};$$

$$\text{secular_terms} := \left\{ \frac{1}{32}, 4 D(_FI)(v) \right\} \quad (35)$$

$$> \text{dsolve}(4 D(_FI)(v));$$

$$_FI(v) = _CI \quad (36)$$

$$> _FI := (v) \rightarrow _CI;$$

$$_FI := v \rightarrow _CI \quad (37)$$

$$> deqn3temp := X_3(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_{1,1}(X_3)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) - \frac{9}{32} \sin\left(-3t + \frac{3}{16} \sigma + 3_CI\right) - \frac{7}{12} \sin\left(-7t + \frac{7}{16} \sigma + 7_CI\right) - \frac{85}{96} \sin\left(-5t + \frac{5}{16} \sigma + 5_CI\right)$$

$$deqn3temp := X_3(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + D_{1,1}(X_3)(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) - \frac{9}{32} \sin\left(\frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3t + 3_CI\right) \quad (38)$$

$$-\frac{7}{12} \sin\left(-7t + \frac{7}{16} \sigma + 7_CI\right) - \frac{85}{96} \sin\left(\frac{5}{16} \sigma - 5t + 5_CI\right)$$

> dsolve(deqn3temp, X[3](t, tau, sigma, upsilon));

$$X_3(t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) = \sin(t) _F3(\tau, \sigma, \upsilon) + _F2(\tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \cos(t) - \frac{9}{256} \sin\left(\frac{3}{16} \sigma - 3t + 3_CI\right) \quad (39)$$

$$-\frac{7}{576} \sin\left(-7t + \frac{7}{16} \sigma + 7_CI\right) - \frac{85}{2304} \sin\left(\frac{5}{16} \sigma - 5t + 5_CI\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > X[3] := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow -\frac{9}{256} \sin\left(-3t + \frac{3}{16} \sigma + 3_CI\right) - \frac{7}{576} \sin\left(-7t \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \frac{7}{16} \sigma + 7_CI\right) - \frac{85}{2304} \sin\left(-5t + \frac{5}{16} \sigma + 5_CI\right); \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} X_3 := (t, \tau, \sigma, \upsilon) \rightarrow & -\frac{9}{256} \sin\left(-3t + \frac{3}{16} \sigma + 3_CI\right) - \frac{7}{576} \sin\left(-7t + \frac{7}{16} \sigma + 7_CI\right) \\ & - \frac{85}{2304} \sin\left(-5t + \frac{5}{16} \sigma + 5_CI\right) \end{aligned} \quad (40)$$

> xansatz(t);

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \cos\left(-t + \frac{1}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + _CI\right) + \frac{1}{4} \varepsilon \sin\left(-3t + \frac{3}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 3_CI\right) + \varepsilon^2 \left(-\frac{5}{96} \cos\left(-5t \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \frac{5}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 5_CI\right) - \frac{3}{32} \cos\left(-3t + \frac{3}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 3_CI\right)\right) + \varepsilon^3 \left(-\frac{9}{256} \sin\left(-3t \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \frac{3}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 3_CI\right) - \frac{7}{576} \sin\left(-7t + \frac{7}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 7_CI\right) - \frac{85}{2304} \sin\left(-5t + \frac{5}{16} \varepsilon^2 t \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + 5_CI\right)\right) \end{aligned} \quad (41)$$

> foo := dsolve([subs(epsilon=1/2, deqn), x(0)=2.0, D(x)(0)=0], range=0..100, numeric);

foo := proc(x_rkf45) ... end proc (42)

> _CI := 0.2;

_CI := 0.2 (43)

> xansatz(t);

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \cos\left(-t + \frac{1}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 0.2\right) + \frac{1}{4} \varepsilon \sin\left(-3t + \frac{3}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 0.6\right) + \varepsilon^2 \left(-\frac{5}{96} \cos\left(-5t \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \frac{5}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 1.0\right) - \frac{3}{32} \cos\left(-3t + \frac{3}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 0.6\right)\right) + \varepsilon^3 \left(-\frac{9}{256} \sin\left(-3t + \frac{3}{16} \varepsilon^2 t \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + 0.6\right) - \frac{7}{576} \sin\left(-7t + \frac{7}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 1.4\right) - \frac{85}{2304} \sin\left(-5t + \frac{5}{16} \varepsilon^2 t + 1.0\right)\right) \end{aligned} \quad (44)$$

> #xapprox:=subs(epsilon=1/2, subs(tmp,xansatz(t)));

> xapprox := subs(epsilon=1/2, xansatz(t));

$$\begin{aligned} xapprox := & 2 \cos\left(-\frac{63}{64} t + 0.2\right) + \frac{247}{2048} \sin\left(-\frac{189}{64} t + 0.6\right) - \frac{5}{384} \cos\left(-\frac{315}{64} t + 1.0\right) \\ & - \frac{3}{128} \cos\left(-\frac{189}{64} t + 0.6\right) - \frac{7}{4608} \sin\left(-\frac{441}{64} t + 1.4\right) - \frac{85}{18432} \sin\left(-\frac{315}{64} t \right. \\ & \quad \left. + 1.0\right) \end{aligned} \quad (45)$$

> with(plots):

```
> pnum:=odeplot(foo,t=0..50,refine=1,color=red):
> pexp:=plot(xapprox,t=0..50,color=green):
> display(pexp,pnum);
```

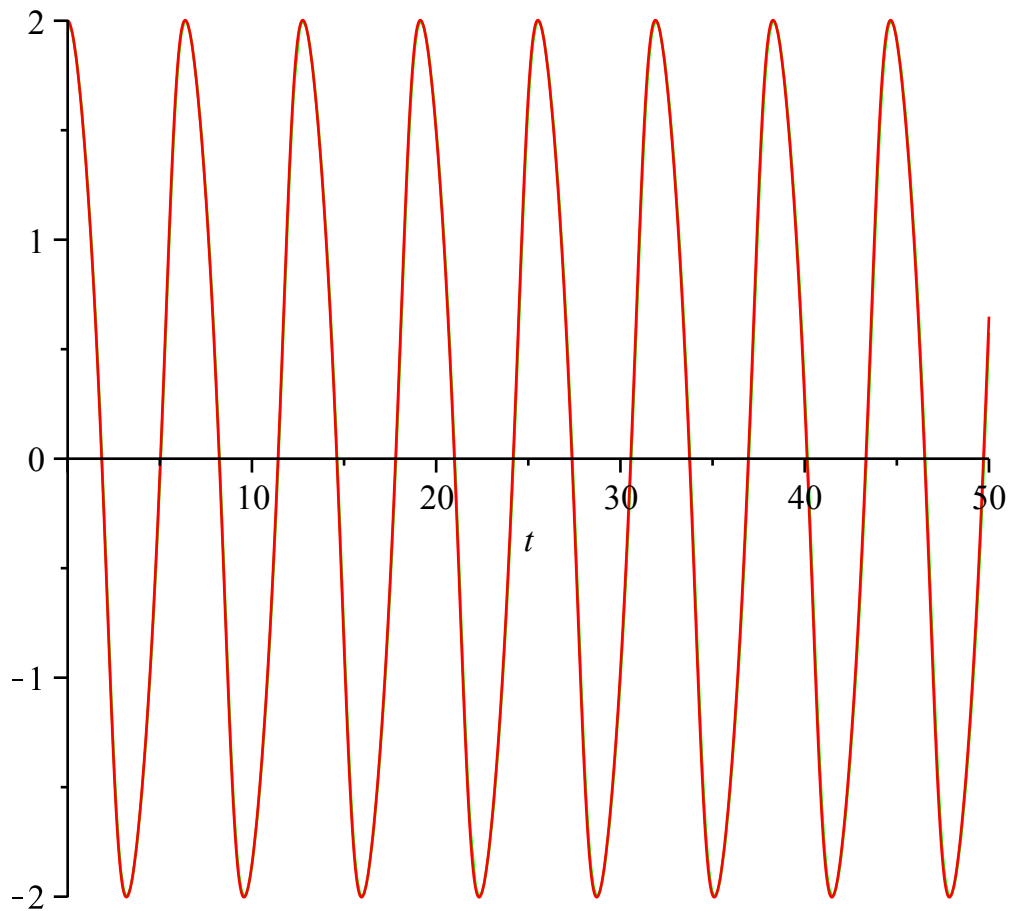


Figure 6.0(a) numerical integration of the van der Pol in red vs approximate solution in green by the 4-timing method for $\phi = 0.2$ and $\epsilon = 0.5$

```
> pnum2:=odeplot(foo,[x(t),D(x)(t)],t=0..10,refine=1,color=red):
> pexp2:=plot([xapprox,diff(xapprox,t)],t=0..10,color=green):
> display(pnum2,pexp2);
```

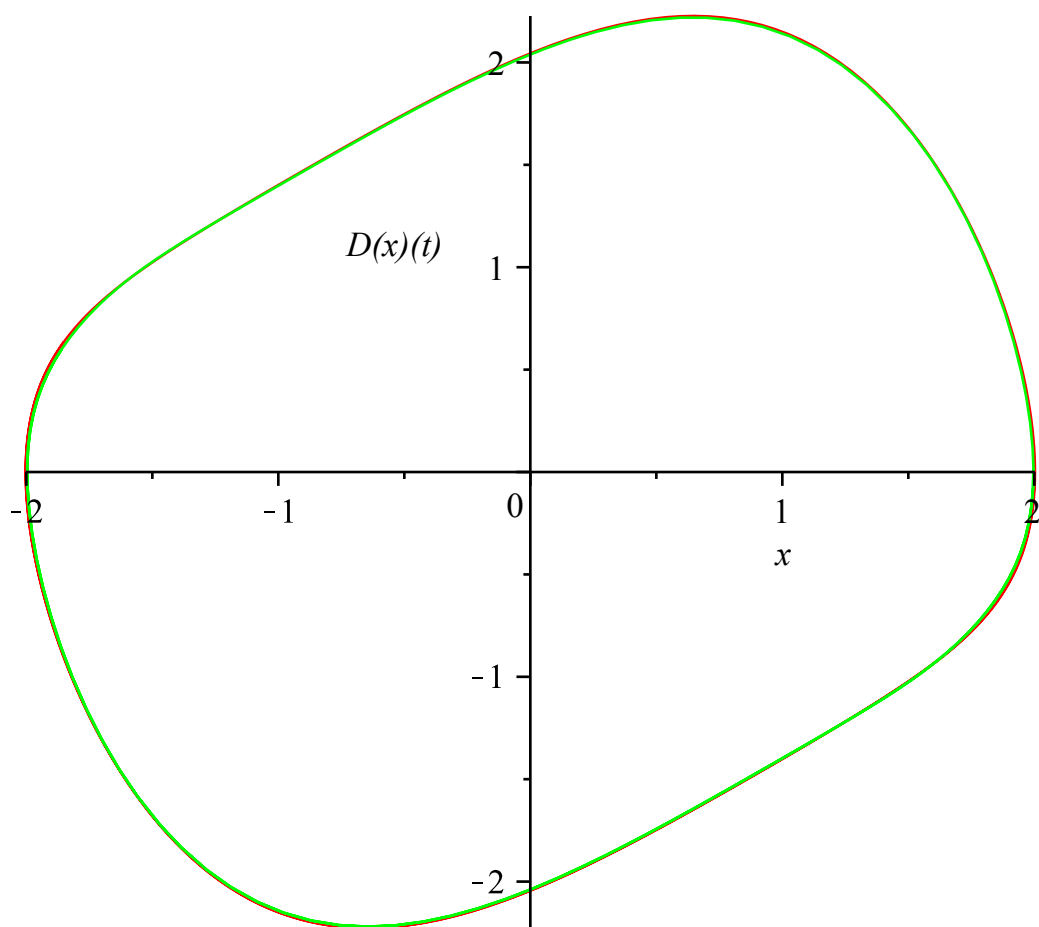


Figure 6.0(b) phase plot of the numerical integration of the van der Pol in red vs approximate solution in green by the 4-timing method for $\phi = 0.2$ and $\epsilon = 0.5$